

D. Amendment to the Claims

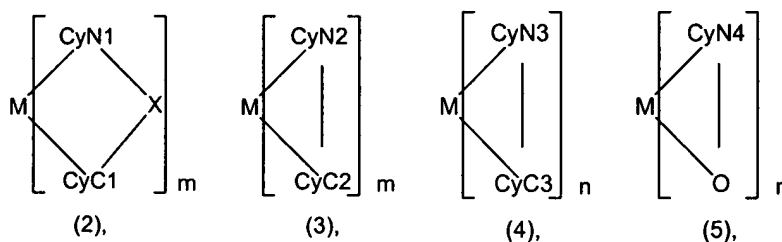
Please amend claims 1, 4 and 8-10 as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure ML_m being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure ML'_n being represented by a formula (4) or a formula (5) shown below:



wherein:

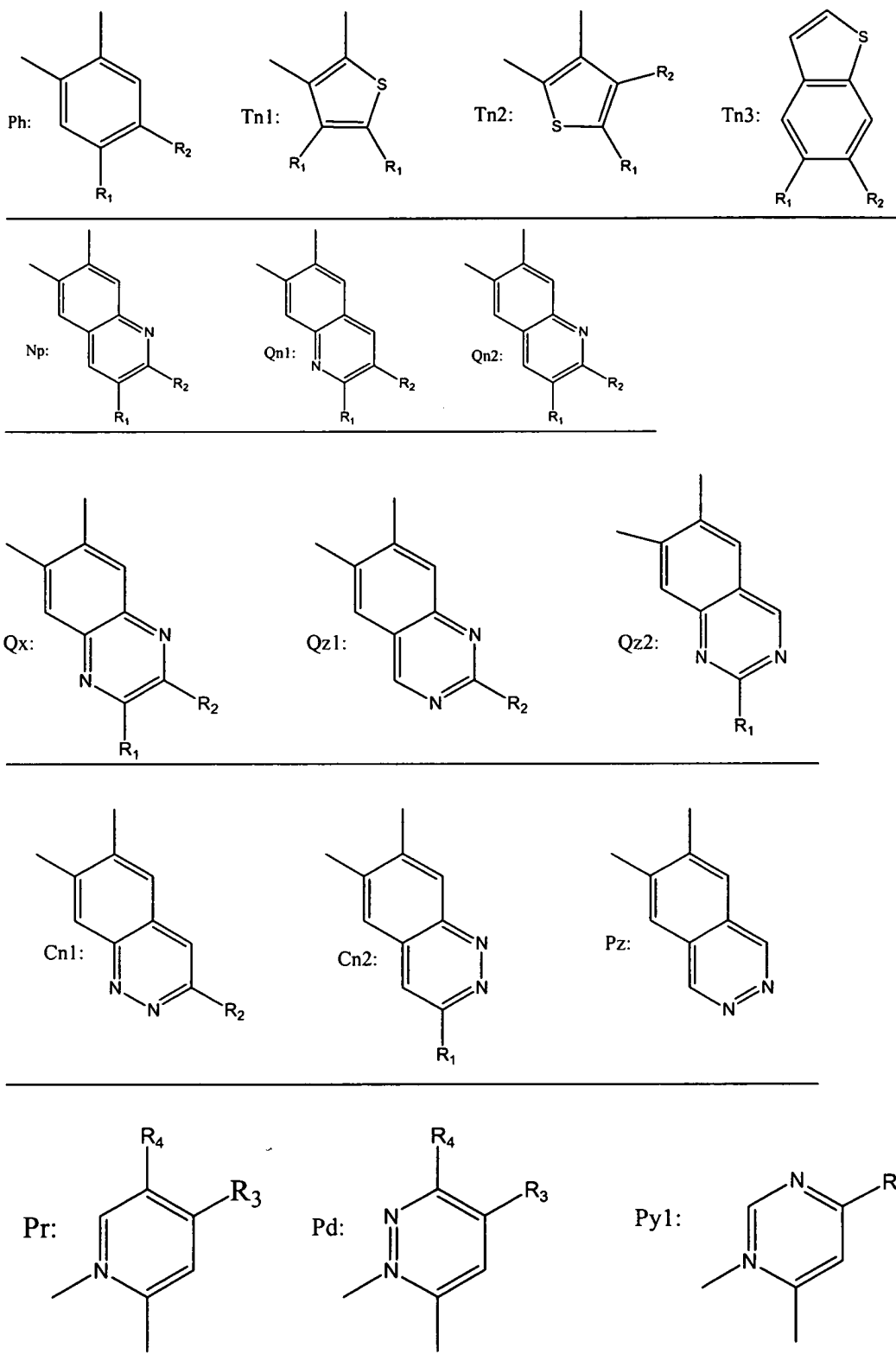
CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd,

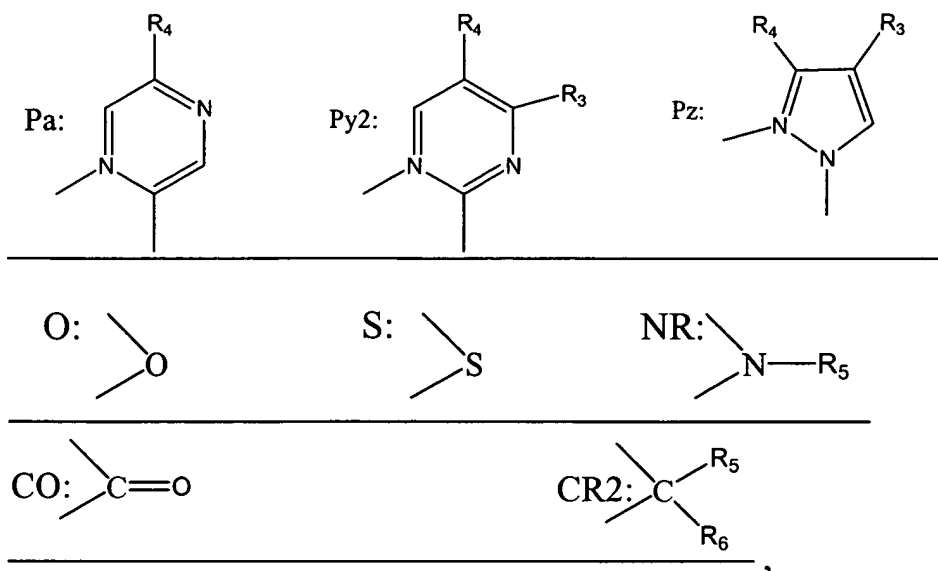
Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz shown below;

CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph,

Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz shown below; and X is

selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR2 shown below:





with the proviso that any one of the following conditions A) to P) is satisfied:

A) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; m=2 or 3; n=0,

CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2 or Pz;

R₁=H;

R₂=H, CF₃ or OC₂H₅;

R₃=H, CF₃, COOC₂H₅ or CH₃;

R₄=H, CF₃, CH₃, OCF₃, or OC₂H₅;

R₅=H, phenyl, naphthyl, CH₃, or C₄H₉; and

R₆=H, CH₃, or C₄H₉;

B) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M=Ir; m=2, n=0, CyN1=Pr;

L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) X=CR₂; CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₆=H;

ii) X=CR₂; CyC1=Tn1; R₁-R₆=H;

iii) X=CO; CyC1=Tn2; R₁-R₄=H; and

iv) X=CO; CyC1=Tn3; R₁-R₄=H;

C) ML_m is represented by formula (2) or (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); m is 1 or 2; n is 1; M=Ir or Pt; one of CyN1 and CyN2 is Pr; X=O, CO, or NR; one of CyC1 and CyC2 is Ph, Tn1, or Qn1;

R₁-R₄ of L are H; R₅=CH₃ or C₂H₅; CyN3=Pr or Py1; CyC3=Tn1 or Ph; and

R₁ of L' is H or CH₃; and R₂-R₄=H;

D) ML_m is represented by formula (3), ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Ph or Tn1; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, Ph or Tn3;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

E) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML_m, CyN2=Pr, CyC2=Ph or Tn1; R₁-R₄=H; and

in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3 is Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

F) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py1; CyC₂=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Pr; CyC₃=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

G) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py1; CyC₂=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyC₃=Pr; CyC₃=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1,

Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

H) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Pz or Pa; and

when CyN₃=Pz,

CyC₃=Tn₁, Tn₂, or Tn₃; and

R₁-R₄=H;

when CyN₃=Pa.

CyC₃=Qn₁ or Qn₂ and

R₁-R₄=H;

I) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Py₁ or Py₂; and

when CyN₃=Py₁,

CyC₃=Cn₁, Cn₂, or Pz; and

R₁-R₄=H;

when CyN₃=Py₂ and R₁-R₄=H,

CyC₃=Q_x, Qz₁, or Qz₂; and

when CyC₃=Ph or Tn₃,

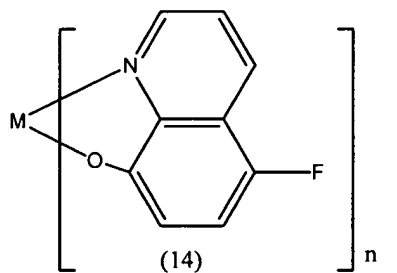
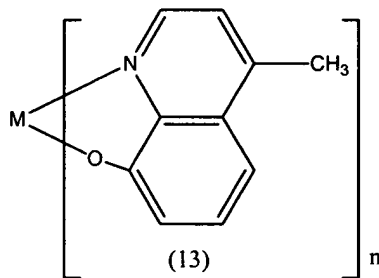
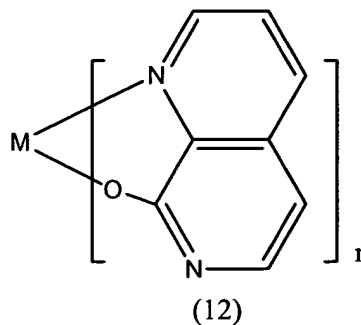
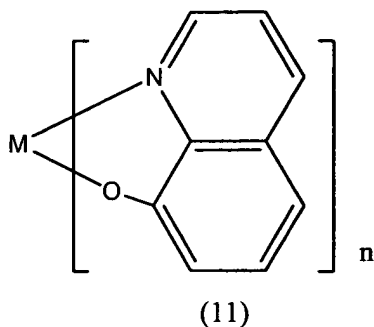
two of R_1 , R_2 , and R_4 are H and the remaining one thereof is CH_3 ;

and $R_3=H$;

J) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=2$; $n=1$; $CyN2=Pr$, $Py1$,

$Py2$, Pz , or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$; and $R_1-R_4=H$; and

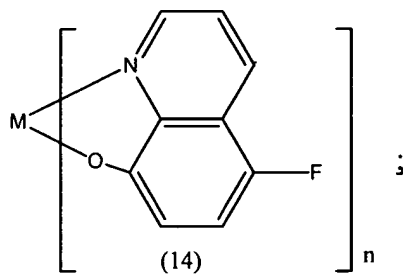
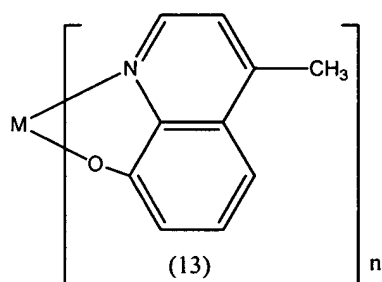
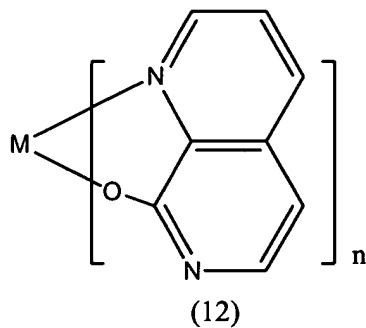
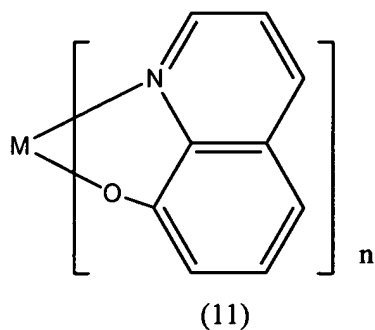
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):



K) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $M=Ir$; $m=1$; $n=2$; $CyN2=Pr$, $Py1$,

$Py2$, Pz , or Pa ; $CyC2=Ph$, $Tn1$, $Tn3$, Np , or $Qn2$ and $R_1-R_4=H$; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



L) ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr; X=CR₂;

CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; R₅=R₆=F; and L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃;

M) ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂, CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; and R₅=R₆=F;

N) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R₁-R₄=H;

O) when M=Pt; m=1; and n=1, CyN2=CyN3=Pr; R₁-R₄ of L are H;

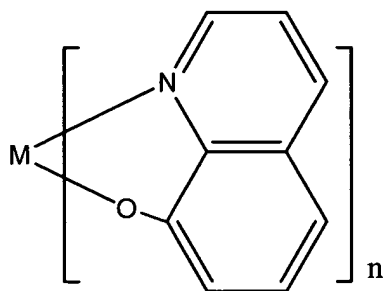
CyC2=Ph or Tn1; CyC3=Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or

Pz; R₁=R₂=R₄=H or CF₃; and R₃=H; and

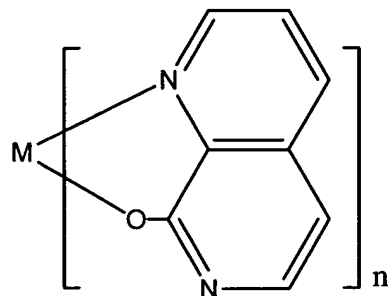
P) ML_m is represented by formula (3); m=1; n=1; M=Pt; CyN2=Pr, Py1,

Py2, Pz or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R₁-R₄=H; and

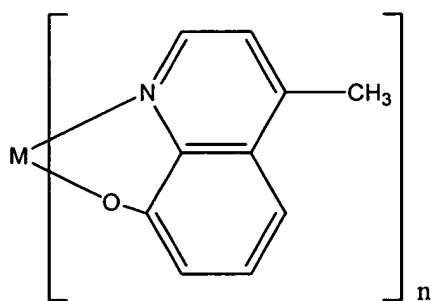
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



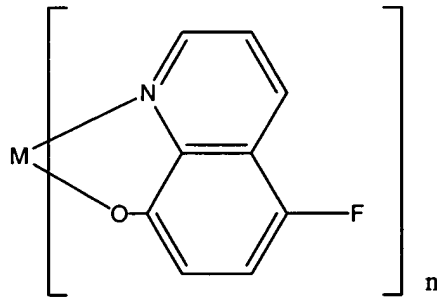
(11)



(12)



(13)



(14)

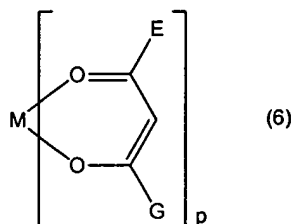
wherein CyN1, CyN2 and CyN3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyN4 denotes a cyclic group containing 8-quinoline or its derivative having a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a carbon atom connected to M; each of substituents for CyN1, CyN2, CyN3, CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3

being selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1-8 carbon atoms; a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom; and an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, CyN1 and CyC1 being connected via a covalent group containing X which is represented by -O-, -S-, -CO-, -C(R1)(R2)- or -NR- where R1, R2 and R independently denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkyl group substituted with a halogen atom, a phenyl group or a naphthyl group, and CyN2 and CyC2, and CyN3 and CyC3 being independently connected via a covalent bond, with the proviso that the metal coordination compound is represented by the formula (2) when n is 0.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the partial structure ML_m is represented by the formula (2).

3. (Original) A compound according to claim 2, wherein M is Ir.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 2, wherein the metal coordination compound has another partial structure represented by the following formula (6):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; p is 1; and E and G independently denote a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atom capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, or an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1 - 8 carbon atoms; and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C≡C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom.

5. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, which exhibits a phosphorescence at the time of energy transition from an excited state to a ground state.

6. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein one of the ligands L and L' is a luminescent ligand and the other ligand is a carrier transport ligand.

7. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the ligands L and L' is in a metal to ligand charge transfer excited state.

8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include ~~includes~~ a first ligand capable of providing a first maximum luminescence wavelength λ_1 based on an excited state thereof and a second ligand capable of providing a second maximum luminescence wavelength λ_2 shorter than λ_1 , the number of the first ligand providing λ_1 being smaller than that of the second ligand providing λ_2 .

9. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include ~~includes~~ a stronger luminescent ligand and a weaker luminescent ligand, the number of the stronger luminescent ligand is smaller than that of the weaker luminescent ligand.

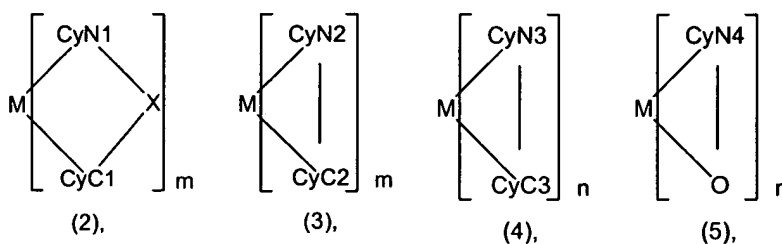
10. (Currently Amended) An organic luminescence device, comprising: a substrate, a pair of electrodes disposed on the substrate, and a luminescence function layer disposed between the pair of electrodes comprising at least one species of an organic compound,

wherein the organic compound comprises a metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure ML_m being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure ML'_n being represented by a formula (4) or a formula (5) shown below:



wherein:

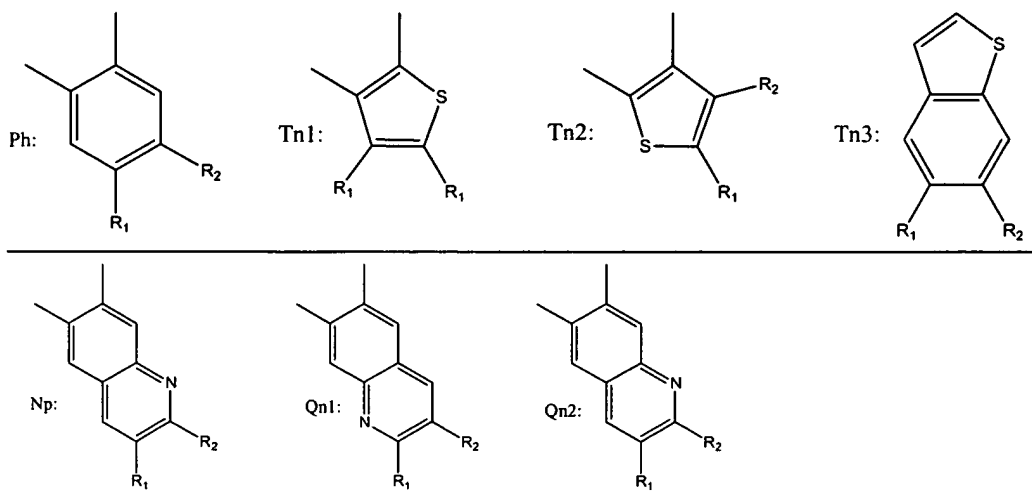
CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd,

Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz shown below;

CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph,

Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Ox, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz shown below; and X is

selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR2 shown below:



A) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; m=2 or 3; n=0, CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or Pz;

R₁=H;

R₂=H, CF₃ or OC₂H₅;

R₃=H, CF₃, COOC₂H₅ or CH₃;

R₄=H, CF₃, CH₃, OCF₃, or OC₂H₅;

R₅=H, phenyl, naphthyl, CH₃, or C₄H₉; and

R₆=H, CH₃, or C₄H₉;

B) ML_m is represented by formula (2); M=Ir; m=2, n=0, CyN1=Pr; L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) X=CR₂; CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₆=H;

ii) X=CR₂; CyC1=Tn1; R₁-R₆=H;

iii) X=CO; CyC1=Tn2; R₁-R₄=H; and

iv) X=CO; CyC1=Tn3; R₁-R₄=H;

C) ML_m is represented by formula (2) or (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); m is 1 or 2; n is 1; M=Ir or Pt; one of CyN1 and CyN2 is Pr; X=O, CO, or NR; one of CyC1 and CyC2 is Ph, Tn1, or Qn1;

R₁-R₄ of L are H; R₅=CH₃ or C₂H₅; CyN3=Pr or Py1; CyC3=Tn1 or Ph; and

R₁ of L' is H or CH₃; and R₂-R₄=H;

D) ML_m is represented by formula (3), ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Pr; CyC₂=Ph or Tn₁; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Pr; CyC₃=Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂, Qx, Qz₁, Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz, Ph

or Tn₃;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

E) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4),

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Pr, CyC₂=Ph or Tn₁; R₁-R₄=H; and

in ML'_n, CyN₃=Pr; CyC₃ is Tn₁, Tn₂, Tn₃, Np, Qn₁, Qn₂, Qx, Qz₁, Qz₂,

Cn₁, Cn₂, Pz or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

F) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN₂=Py₁; CyC₂=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

G) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML_m, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'n, CyC3=Pr; CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1,

Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R₁=H or CH₃;

R₂=H or CF₃;

R₃=H; and

R₄=H or CF₃;

H) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph; R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Pz or Pa; and

when CyN3=Pz,

CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, or Tn3; and

R₁-R₄=H;

when CyN3=Pa.

CyC3=Qn1 or Qn2 and

R₁-R₄=H;

I) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML_m, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph, R₁-R₄=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Py1 or Py2; and

when CyN3=Py1,

CyC3=Cn1, Cn2, or Pz; and

R₁-R₄=H;

when CyN3=Py2 and R₁-R₄=H,

CyC3=Qx, Qz1, or Qz2; and

when CyC3=Ph or Tn3,

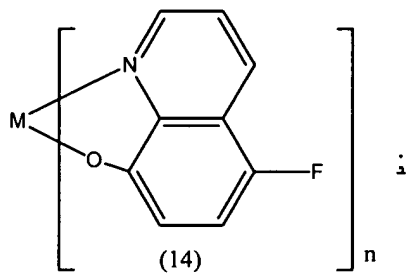
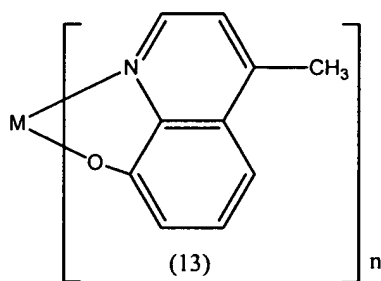
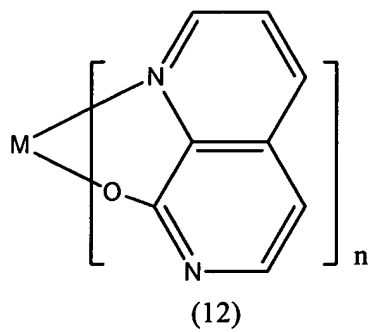
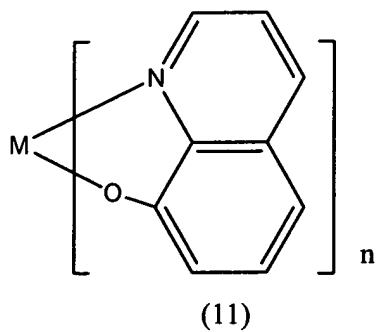
two of R₁, R₂, and R₄ are H and the remaining one thereof is CH₃;

and R₃=H;

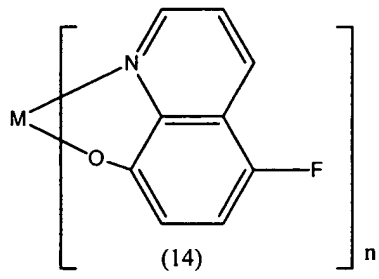
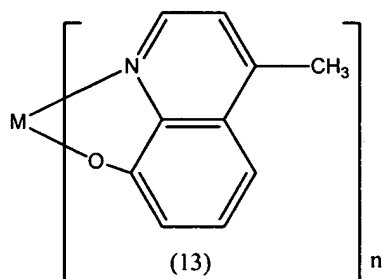
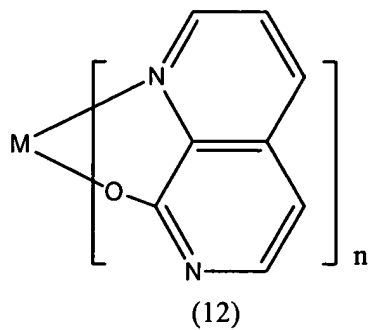
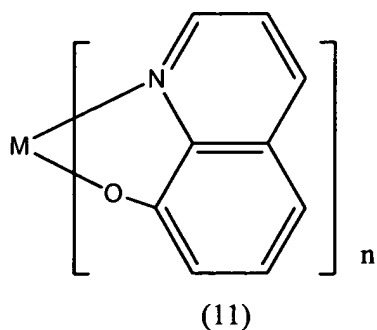
J) ML_m is represented by formula (3); M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr, Py1,

Py2, Pz, or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R₁-R₄=H; and

L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):



K) ML_m is represented by formula (3); M=Ir; m=1; n=2; CyN2=Pr, Py1, Py2, Pz, or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2 and R₁-R₄=H; and
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



L) ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr; X=CR₂;

CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; R₅=R₆=F; and L'=CH₃-CO-CH-CO-CH₃;

M) ML_m is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR₂, CyC1=Ph; R₁-R₄=H; and R₅=R₆=F;

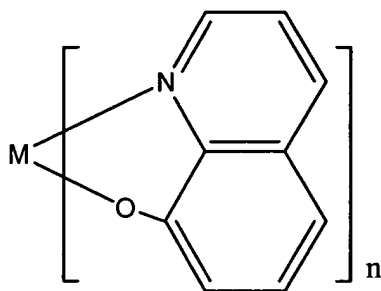
N) ML_m is represented by formula (3); ML'_n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R₁-R₄=H;

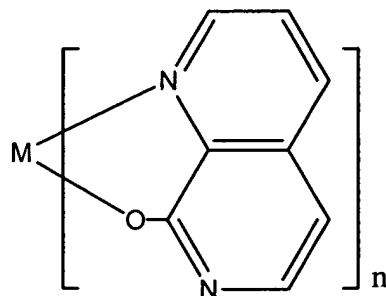
O) when $M = \text{Pt}$; $m = 1$; and $n = 1$, $\text{CyN2} = \text{CyN3} = \text{Pr}$; $\text{R}_1 - \text{R}_4$ of L are H ;
 $\text{CyC2} = \text{Ph}$ or Tn1 ; $\text{CyC3} = \text{Ph}$, Tn1 , Tn2 , Tn3 , Np , Qn1 , Qn2 , Qx , Qz1 , Qz2 , Cn1 , Cn2 or
 Pz ; $\text{R}_1 = \text{R}_2 = \text{R}_4 = \text{H}$ or CF_3 ; and $\text{R}_3 = \text{H}$; and

P) ML_m is represented by formula (3); $m = 1$; $n = 1$; $M = \text{Pt}$; $\text{CyN2} = \text{Pr}$, Py1 ,
 Py2 , Pz or Pa ; $\text{CyC2} = \text{Ph}$, Tn1 , Tn3 , Np , or Qn2 ; and $\text{R}_1 - \text{R}_4 = \text{H}$; and

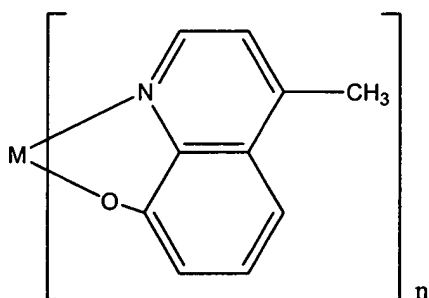
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



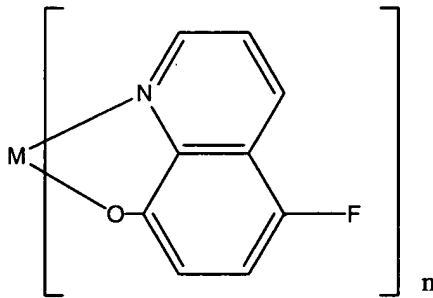
(11)



(12)



(13)



(14)

wherein CyN1 , CyN2 and CyN3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a nitrogen atom connected to M ; CyN4 denotes a cyclic group containing 8-quinoline or its derivative having a nitrogen atom connected to M ; CyC1 , CyC2 and CyC3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a carbon atom connected to M , each of substituents for CyN1 , CyN2 , CyN3 , CyC1 , CyC2 and CyC3

being selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, cyano group, nitro group, a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1 - 8 carbon atoms, a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, and an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, cyano group, nitro group, and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, CyN1 and CyC1 being connected via a covalent group containing X which is represented by -O-, -S-, -CO-, -C(R1)(R2)- or -NR- where R1, R2 and R independently denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkyl group substituted with a halogen atom, a phenyl group or a naphthyl group, and CyN2 and CyC2, and CyN3 and CyC3 being independently connected via a covalent bond, with the proviso that the metal coordination compound is represented by the formula (2) when n is 0.

11. (Original) A device according to claim 10, wherein the partial structure ML_m is represented by the formula (2).

12. (Original) A device according to claim 11, wherein M is Ir.

13. (Original) A device according to claim 10, wherein a voltage is applied between the pair of electrodes to cause phosphorescence from the luminescence function layer.

14. (Original) An image display device, comprising: an organic luminescence device according to claim 10 and means for supplying electrical signals to the organic luminescence device.